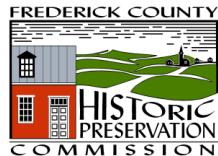




HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND

30 North Market Street, Third Floor Frederick, Maryland 21701 (301) 600-1147



CASE NO. DOE 21-01 DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY TO COUNTY REGISTER STAFF REPORT

SUMMARY

Property: Henry Poole Farm
13025 Glissans Mill Road and 7401 Kimmel Road, Mt. Airy

Applicant: Jennifer and Chester Mitchell

Public Hearing to determine eligibility of the property located at 13025 Glissans Mill Road and 7401 Kimmel Road, Henry Poole Farm, for designation on the Frederick County Register of Historic Places. Submitted by Jennifer and Chester Mitchell, property owners of record.

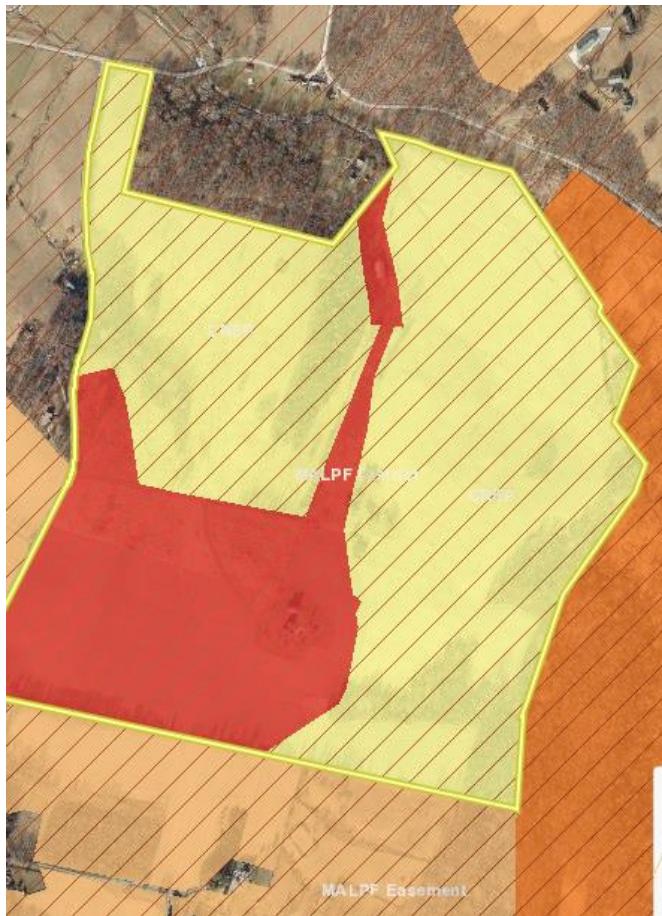
The public hearing for the determination of eligibility for designation to the Frederick County Register of Historic Places will be held at 6:00 p.m., or thereafter, on March 3, 2021.



DESIGNATION STATUS

The property located at 13025 Glissans Mill Road is listed on the Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties under survey number F-5-37 as the Henry Poole House. This parcel contains the historic house, slave quarters, a meat house, a stone foundation, and a new three-car garage and encompasses nearly 20 acres. Additionally, the property is registered on the National Park Service's National Underground Railroad Network to Freedom as the Thorton Poole House.

The property at 7401 Kimmel Road, containing approximately 216 acres, includes the bank barn, spring house, a stone foundation, and family cemetery that are associated with the Henry Poole house. A newer house is also located on this larger parcel. The barn, springhouse, and foundation are included in a Maryland Agricultural Land Preservation Foundation (MALPF) District, while the rest of the property is enrolled in the Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP), a perpetual agreement. Both parcels are located in the eastern agricultural priority preservation area.



7401 Kimmel Road property outlined in yellow. Red is the MALPF District and yellow is CREP. 13025 Glissans Mill Road property is to the north.

SUPPORTING MATERIALS

The applicant submitted a completed County Register nomination form, the Maryland Historical Trust Review form, deed records, genealogy information, boundary map, written property history and timeline, and digital photographs. Staff assisted the applicant in updating the property description and providing an updated property history.

SITE VISITS

Site visit dates are scheduled for Friday, February 19, 1–3 p.m., and Saturday, February 20, 10 - 12 p.m. Commissioners who cannot attend either of these dates are urged to familiarize themselves with the exterior on their own time.

REVIEW CONSIDERATIONS

1) Analysis

The architectural and historical significance of the Henry Poole farm provided in the documentation establishes a date of construction to circa 1790-1800 and shows that the property was in the Poole family for over 130 years. Copies of primary source documentation include a deed from 1795 in which the heirs of William Cummings deeded the Friendship tract “on the waters of Linganore” to Henry Poole, Sr. which included the houses, orchards, meadows, and improvements. Additionally, a 1798 Frederick County Assessment Record shows Henry Poole, Sr. as the owner of Friendship which includes a “stone dwelling & kitchen.” Documentation has also been provided that shows the Poole’s influence in the development surrounding the village of Linganore and the Woodville district. Runaway slave advertisements and accounts by runaway slaves also confirm the Poole’s family role as slaveholders. Furthermore, there is possibility for archeological information to be obtained from the properties associated with the enslaved as well as the properties’ agricultural and industrial history. Staff suspects that prehistoric archeological information may also exist at the property based on local accounts of Native American activity, particularly an account recorded in *The Church of the Singing Hills* by H. Austin Cooper regarding the burial of Chief Linganore. Further research would be necessary.

The main dwelling was built in two sections, the northern section built circa 1790 and the southern section built circa 1800. The dwelling was expanded in the 1980s with a rear two-story addition. The façade was altered during this time as well. The other historic buildings on the properties have had few exterior changes. The setting remains agricultural with little new construction on the two parcels. Because so much of the setting and the structures have maintained their historic integrity, the history and the architecture represented at the properties would make the property eligible for listing under Criteria 6B(1A), 6B(1C), and 6B(2A).

2) History Summary

The Poole family has a long history in the Woodville district of Frederick County. According to the genealogical document, by 1775 Henry Poole, Sr. had moved to the area with his family. He purchased several tracts of land beginning in 1778 and by 1793 he had accumulated over 1,000 acres in a tract known as Pools Industry. It is on this tract of land that two log houses were located, according to a 1798 assessment record. The first cemetery associated with the Poole family was located on this tract as well, according to Jacob Holdcraft's 1966 *Names in Stone* which lists the cemetery as Linganore Pool Family Cemetery #1. Several Poole family members are buried in this cemetery. The 1790 census lists Henry Poole, Sr. with 15 free white people and 10 slaves living at his household. It is believed that the Pools Industry tract contained the main family home.

Then, in a deed dated October 1795, Henry Poole, Sr. expanded his land holdings by acquiring a portion of the Friendship tract located "on the waters of Linganore." This deed mentions that the tract includes the houses, orchards, meadows, and improvements on this parcel of land. This tract was located just south of the Village of Linganore. A 1798 Frederick County Assessment Record shows Henry Poole, Sr. listed as owner of two tracts of land, Pools Industry and part of Friendship which lists a "stone dwelling & kitchen." It is unclear whether Henry Poole, Sr. ever lived at the stone house on the Friendship tract. In 1810, Henry, Sr. published a notice of a runaway slave from his farm "on Linganore" Creek. However, it's uncertain if this refers to the Glissans Mill property on the Friendship tract or the Pools Industry tract that may have extended to Linganore Creek.

Henry, Sr. willed his lands to his sons following his death in 1815. Based on the Maryland Inventory for Historic Places (MIHP) form completed for the Pools Industry house (MIHP # F-5-107), Henry, Sr.'s son Brice and his son George were associated with that property. The Glissan's Mill property is believed to have been where Henry, Jr. and his family resided. A biographical sketch of Charles Edgar Poole in William's 1910 *History of Frederick County*, mentions that "Henry Poole, [Jr.] grandfather of Charles E. Poole, was the first of the name to settle on the farm in Woodville District, on which his son [Thorton] and grandson were born." Henry, Jr. died in 1822 and is buried in Linganore Poole Family Cemetery #2, the cemetery located a few hundred feet south of the stone house. Henry, Jr. willed the north portion of his land to his sons Daniel, Bushrod, and Thorton. Thorton was twelve years old at the time of his father's death and so his older brothers probably operated the farm until Thorton was old enough. Deed records confirm that Thorton did own the property at least by 1832. He is also shown on the 1858 Isaac Bond map and the 1873 Titus Atlas associated with this property. Thorton owned the property for several decades before his son, Charles, inherited the land. The land remained in the Poole family until 1927. It was divided into the two separate parcels in the late 1970s. Additional research would be needed to further understand the types of crops and livestock that were raised on the farm.



Bond, Isaac, and E. Sachse & Co. *Map of Frederick County, Md. accurately drawn from correct instrumental surveys of all the county roads.* [Baltimore?, 1858] Map. <https://www.loc.gov/item/2002624018/>.

3) Historic, Archaeological, and Cultural Significance Criteria

The property would be eligible for listing under this category for meeting criteria 6B(1A) and 6B(1C) as outlined in Chapter 1-23-6B(1) of the Frederick County Code:

- 6B(1A): *The property has significant character, interest, or value as part of the development, heritage, or cultural characteristics of the County, state, or nation.*
- 6B(1C): *The property is identified with a person or groups of persons who influenced society.*

The Poole family were very prominent in the area, having influence over the small village of Linganore and the Woodville district. The 1858 Isaac Bond map shows the Linganore Store and Post Office which is referred to as the Poole Store in the genealogy information provided.

Thorton Poole was appointed Linganore postmaster in 1857 per the US Appointments of US Postmasters 1832-1971 records. "T. Poole" is also depicted on the 1858 Isaac Bond map associated with the Glissans Road property and possibly with other dwellings in the vicinity as well. In addition, a blacksmith and a merchant and saw mill are located just northeast of the house on the north side of Linganore Creek. By 1873, the store and post office, black smith, saw mill, and a merchant grist mill are depicted on the Titus Atlas of the Woodville district. Thorton is also listed as owner of several additional properties in the vicinity, indicating his prosperity and influence in the village.

Not only are these properties associated with the development of a small rural village in Frederick County but the property also has association with the enslaved population. As early as the 1790 census the Poole family is listed as owning slaves and this continues through the 1850s. Thorton is listed in the 1850 Federal Census Slave Schedule with nine slaves. The property also has been documented to have had at least one runaway slave. Thorton is described in William Still's book, *Underground Rail Road Records*, as being a very mean man by Caroline Aldridge, a slave who ran away from Thorton's property in 1857. While one extant slave quarter currently exists on the property, other sites associated with the enslaved may exist. Additionally, there is an account that a Native American called Chief Linganore may be buried at the family cemetery on the property. This burial is noted on the 1858 Isaac Bond map as well.

Therefore, Staff finds the properties have historic, archeological, and cultural significance based on the properties' association with the Poole family, who had significant interest and influence in the development of the village of Linganore and the Woodville district, and the properties association with the enslaved population. Additionally, these properties are significant for the archeological potential they may hold in regards to the enslaved and Native Americans, as well as the influence they had in the development and cultural heritage of the county.

4) Architectural and Design Significance Criteria

The property is also eligible under this category by meeting criteria 6B(2A) as outlined in Chapter 1-23-6B(2) of Frederick County Code:

- *The property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or architecture.*

The property represents early 19th century stone vernacular architecture and exhibits the spatial relationships between the main house and domestic and agricultural outbuildings. While the main block of the historic house has lost some of its architectural characteristics, such as the original wood windows, the parging on the southern portion, and the smaller porches, it maintains its historic stone exterior, brick chimneys, cornice, similar window light patterns, and gable roof form. The two-story addition is placed on the rear and mimics the form and massing of the main block. The historic outbuildings maintain their historic exteriors with little change and all have maintained their form and mass.

RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends the Henry Poole farm be determined eligible for designation to the Frederick County Register of Historic Places pursuant to Criterion 6B(1A), 6B(1C), and 6B(2A) as described in Chapter 1-23-6B of the County Code.

If the Historic Preservation Commission (HPC) recommends in favor of determining the property eligible for listing based on meeting these criteria, then a letter will be issued to the property owner stating this determination. The property owner may return to the HPC within one year to officially nominate the property to the County Register of Historic Places.

FREDERICK COUNTY HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION

30 N. Market Street, Frederick, MD 21701 (301) 600-1147

COUNTY REGISTER NOMINATION FORM

(Office Use Only) DOE # 21-01 Application No. _____ HPC Meeting Date 3/3/2021 Council Hearing Date _____

1. PROPERTY NAME: Henry Poole House

2. LOCATION: Street address: 13025 Glisans Mill Rd / 7401 Kimme Rd. ^{mt.} _{Airt.}
Tax Map(s) and Parcel(s) #: 18-380293 + 18-372371 _{MD}

3. PROPERTY TYPE: Single District 21771

Property refers to the entire geographic area being nominated. It may be an individual building, site, structure, or object; or it may be a landscape consisting of numerous buildings, sites, structures, or objects. For example, a farmstead consisting of a main dwelling, tenant house, outbuildings, barns, sheds, fences, and agricultural fields is usually a single property that may have one or more parcels and one owner or multiple shared owners. A village or neighborhood consisting of several types of structures with different parcels and owners is a district.

4. CRITERIA: (Check appropriate box(es))

- Significant character, interest or value as part of development, heritage, or cultural characteristics of county, state, or nation
- Site of an historic event
- Identified with person or group of persons who influenced society
- Exemplifies cultural, economic, social, political, or historic heritage of county and its communities
- Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or architecture
- Represents work of master craftsman, architect, or builder
- Possesses significant artistic value
- Represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction
- Represents an established and familiar visual feature of neighborhood, community, or county, due to singular physical characteristics, landscape, or historical event
- Is rare example of particular period, style, material, or construction technique.

5. REQUIRED ATTACHMENTS FOR INDIVIDUAL PROPERTIES: (Consult staff on type, number, format)

- Map(s) showing location and proposed boundaries
- Photographs, including all buildings and prominent features
- Written property description, history, and significance statement. See *Nomination Form Instructions*. If listed in National Register or Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties, attach copy of form

COUNTY REGISTER NOMINATION FORM
PAGE TWO

6. SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR HISTORIC DISTRICT NOMINATIONS
(if applicable)

Contact Historic Preservation staff for further information and guidance

7. SIGNATURES OF OWNER(S) OF RECORD CONSENTING TO NOMINATION
(Attach extra sheets as needed)

A. Jennifer Mitchell

Printed name

7401 Kimmel Rd., Mt. airy, MD 21771

Mailing address

240-285-6206

Telephone number(s)

jenniferamitchell1@gmail.com

E-mail address

Signature

1/12/21

Date

Chester Mitchell

Printed name

same as above

Mailing address

301-748-0533

Telephone number(s)

chetimitchell@gmail.com

E-mail address

Signature

Date

IF NOMINATED BY PERSON(S) OTHER THAN OWNERS: *(Does not apply to district nominations)*

Name: _____

Address: _____

Phone: _____ E-mail: _____

ATTACH WRITTEN LETTER OF CONSENT BY OWNER (S)

Henry Poole Farm Property Description and History

The Henry Poole Farm consists of two parcels. The first parcel, located at 13025 Glissans Mill Road, encompasses approximately 19 acres and contains a c. 1790-1800 residence, a meat house, a slave quarter, a stone foundation ruin, and a non-contributing modern garage. The second parcel, located at 7401 Kimmel Road, encompasses approximately 216 acres and contains a spring house, a bank barn, a cemetery, an older barn foundation, and a non-contributing modern dwelling. The south branch of Linganore Creek meanders in and out of the northern boundary for both parcels and curves to the south along the northeast boundary of 7401 Kimmel Road property.

13025 Glissans Mill Road Parcel

The historic stone residence consists of a c. 1790-1800 main block that is two stories in height and faces west from the south side of Glissans Mill Road. The structure is banked on a hill overlooking the old settlement of Linganore. The c. 1790-1800 main block is covered with a gable roof structure with three brick chimneys located flush with the north and south ends and directly in the center of the building.

The structure is six bays in length and two bays in width. An entrance once located in the second bay on the west elevation was converted to a window during a 1993-1994 renovation. The main entrance is located in the fifth bay on the west elevation and contains a paneled door with a three light transom. Located in the remaining bays are double hung 6/6 windows which were replaced during the 1993-1994 renovation. Paneled wooden shutters are located on the lower level and louvered shutters are located on the second story. The northern portion of the west elevation is three bays in length and is thought to be the oldest section of the structure dated to probably c. 1790. The cornice on this elevation is a plain boxed cornice. The south portion of the structure dates to c. 1800. The southern portion had a very decorative cornice noted in the 1978 survey form but was in poor condition. During a 2009-2010 renovation, the cornice was repaired to a plain boxed cornice on the west elevation. Also during the 1978 survey, a pedimented entrance way and porch was noted to once be located on the south section of the west elevation and was covered with orange clay stucco. During a 1984 renovation of the property, the clay stucco was removed and a nearly full width front porch was added in 1993-1994.

The north and south elevations have two window bays in the attic level. A bake oven was once located on the eastern side of the north elevation. A faint roof line can still be seen on the stone. The south elevation has modern heating and air equipment surrounded by a fence.

The east elevation contains five windows with a two-story rear addition, added in 1986-1987, extending from the southern portion of the east elevation. During the 1978 survey of the property, it was noted that a two-story porch was once located covering the second and third bays on this southern portion of the east elevation. A porch, either three bays wide or one bay was also noted to have once been located on the northern section of the east elevation. The cornice on this elevation is a plain boxed cornice on the north portion and a dentil cornice can be seen on the southern portion of the east elevation.

The two story gable addition is covered in wood siding and with an interior chimney extending from the east elevation. The windows are either six-over-six or nine-over-nine and have the same paneled

shutters on the first story of the addition and louvered shutters on the upper story. A one bay wide porch extends from the central bay on the south elevation of the addition. An entrance accessed by a stone stoop, is located on the north elevation of the addition. The entire dwelling is covered in a standing seam metal roof.

A small stone meat house with a wood shingled roof and entrance located in the east gable end is located on the west side of the main residence. A date stone of 1829 is located in the east gable end. A two-story structure with a full stone basement and log on the upper story is located east of the residence and is believed to be a slave quarter. This structure is accessed by an entry way in the west gable end and has a wooden-shingled roof. Another door is located on the south elevation. A newer, three car garage is located to the north of the residence. Additionally, a stone foundation is located to the northeast of these structures.

7401 Kimmel Road Parcel

A small stone springhouse is located to the southeast of the historic residence and located on a small tributary of the South Fork of Linganore Creek. The spring house is oriented with the gable ends facing north and south. A window opening is located in each gable end. A corrugated metal roof covers the springhouse. An entry way and two louvered window openings are located on the east elevation, facing towards the tributary. A couple hundred feet south of the spring house are two stone walls banked into the hillside. It is believed this may have been an older bank barn foundation.

The current wooden bank barn is located an additional couple hundred feet south from this older foundation. Double doors are hung on the west elevation where the bank is located. The feedlot and forebay area is located on the east. Stone walls can be seen partially surrounding the feedlot area. The southern portion of the forebay has been enclosed. The barn sits on top of a stone foundation and is covered by a standing seam metal roof.

The Henry Poole family cemetery is located several hundred feet south of the stone residence and west of the barn. It is surrounded by a stone wall with the main opening facing north. Henry Poole, Jr. has a grave stone in this cemetery. Also located on this parcel, but not contributing, is a newer residence and three-car garage.

Property History

The Henry Poole Farm is significant to the New Market/Unionville area of Frederick County as a residence and farm of the Poole family who came to the area in 1775 and resided on this farm for about 135 years. In a deed record dated 1795 a portion of the Friendship tract on the waters of Linganore was sold to Henry Poole, Senior from the heirs of William Cumming.¹ Then on August 9, 1796 another deed was recorded between Henry Poole, Sr. and Thomas Cumming, an additional relation to William Cumming, further deeding the portion of the Friendship tract to Henry.² This 1796 deed clearly mentioned "all and singular the houses, orchards, fences, meadows, and improvements to the said

¹ Frederick County Land Records, WR13, 575.

² Frederick County Land Records: WR14, 456

parcel of land...” . Additionally, a 1798 Frederick County Assessment Record shows Henry Poole, Sr. as the owner of Friendship which includes a “stone dwelling & kitchen.”³

Henry Poole, Sr.’s landholdings also included other tracts of land and houses including what is believed to be the family’s first residence at Poole’s Industry, located at the intersection of Woodville and Harrisville Roads. This house is documented as inventory number F-5-107 with the Maryland Historical Trust and is thought to have been built between 1780 and 1800. At one time this parcel of land also included a Poole Family Cemetery identified in Jacob Holdcraft’s 1966 *Names in Stone* as Linganore Poole Family Cemetery #1.

Henry Poole, Sr. died in 1815 and willed his lands to his sons Henry Poole, Jr., Dennis, Brice, and Frederick. It is believed the Henry Poole Farm located off of Glissans Mill Road and Kimmel Road was given to Henry Poole, Jr. and that he may have already been living at the house prior to Henry Poole, Sr.’s death. Additionally, in William’s 1910 *History of Frederick County*, a biographical sketch of Charles Edgar Poole, grandson of Henry Poole, Jr., mentions that “Henry Poole, [Jr.] grandfather of Charles E. Poole, was the first of the name to settle on the farm in Woodville District, on which his son [Thorton] and grandson were born.”⁴ It further states that Henry Poole, Jr. “was born in 1764, on a farm near by which belonged to his father.”

Henry Poole, Jr. died in 1822 and is buried in Linganore, Poole Family Cemetery #2, the cemetery that is located on this farm. According to the 1978 survey of the property, Henry Poole, Jr. willed “the north division of my lands whereon I now live with all houses, buildings, orchards, fences, etc. to my sons Daniel, Bushrod, and Thorton Poole.” Thorton Poole, born in 1810, would have been twelve at the time of his father’s death. Thorton eventually was deeded the property from his older brother’s Bushrod and Joseph in deeds dated April 5, 1832 and April 8, 1837.

The 1858 Isaac Bond map of Frederick County shows “T. Poole” as owner of the property. Also shown on the 1858 map is the “Linganore P.O. [Post Office]” and “Store” located just to the north of the Poole house. Thorton Poole was appointed Linganore postmaster in 1857 per the US Appointments of US Postmasters 1832-1971 records. A black smith (BS) and merchant and saw mill (MSM) are also depicted on the map just to the east of the village of Linganore. The 1873 Titus Atlas, Woodville District map, also depicts the “Store & Linganore PO” along with a black smith, a saw mill, and merchant grist mill. “T. Poole” is also depicted on this map, associated not just with the Glissans Mill Road property, but several additional properties in the vicinity as well. Thorton maintained the property until 1883. His son Charles and wife Harriet owned the property until she sold it out of the family in 1927 to Martin and Norma Nicodemus.

There is no question the Poole’s were a slave owning family. The 1790 census shows Henry Poole, Sr. with 10 slaves and Henry Poole, Jr. was listed separately with one slave. By 1810, Henry Poole, Jr. was listed in the census with four slaves. The 1850 Federal Census Slave Schedule showed Thorton Poole with nine slaves. The property has been listed with the National Park Service’s Underground Railroad Network to Freedom as a site where slaves were documented to have run away. An 1810 advertisement placed by Henry Poole, Sr. in the Frederick Herald paper announced a runaway slave from his farm on Linganore. Additionally, in William Still’s book, *Underground Rail Road Records*, a twenty-three year old

³ Frederick County, Maryland Assessment Record, 1798. CR 35, 204.

⁴ T.J.C., Williams, *History of Frederick County*, 1910. Page 1073.

named Caroline Aldridge was mentioned to have fled from Thorton Poole of Unionville, Maryland in 1857 and “gave her master the character of being ‘a very mean man; with a wife meaner still.’”⁵

In addition to African American history, the property may contain some Native American history as well. On the 1858 Isaac Bond map, a description near the Poole property states “near hear lived and died about 1765 the Indian Linganore.” In H. Austin Cooper’s book titled, *The Church of the Singing Hills*, on page 51, there is a statement that “The Poole family cemetery stands on a high hill above the house. Local tradition claims that Chief Linganore is buried in this cemetery, and that since all the Indians had left the area and had gone into western Pennsylvania, near Bedford, Elder Jacob Danner conducted the funeral of this old Indian chief.” Holdcraft’s *Names in Stone* book mentions that the Linganore Cemetery #2 at one time was reported to have as many as 20 – 30 headstones based on a newspaper clipping. However, during his 1957 survey only one headstone was observed. No other records have been found to substantiate or refute either of these claims but are mentioned here none the less.

⁵ William Still, *Underground Rail Road Records*, 1886. Page 401.

HENRY POOLE

by Rick Morgan

Space does not permit the inclusion of all the information supplied by Rick Morgan on Poole, Marquam and Mercer genealogy. Contact Rick by email at: 76026.2540@compuserve.com

Henry Poole grew up in an area known as the "Western Falls of the Patapsco," a reference to the upper reaches of the Patapsco River, which forms the border of Howard and Carroll Counties in north-central Maryland (formerly parts of Anne Arundel and Baltimore Counties, respectively). Before settling in Frederick County, Henry Poole lived for a time on Hopsons Choice, a tract straddling the county line, owned by his father-in-law, Luke Mercer.

Although proof is lacking, compelling evidence suggests that Henry Poole, Sr. was the son of Basil and Lois (Shipley) Pool/Poole. Basil Pool (with alternate spellings of "Basill," "Bazill," and "Poole") owned a tract of land called Pools Chance adjacent to Hopsons Choice in what is now Howard County. Significantly, Henry named a son Basil. Another son was named Brice, perhaps for Lois's sister-in-law, Abigail Brice.

There remain some lingering doubts regarding Henry's the connection to Basil and Lois Pool. Mention of Henry is conspicuously missing from Basil's will, which names two other sons, Samuel and Charles. However, a 1773 deed refers to Henry Poole of (then) "Ann Arundel County," placing him on the portion of Luke Mercer's property immediately adjacent to Basil Pool's land. . On balance, it seems reasonable to conclude that Basil and Lois Pool were indeed Henry's parents.

According to family Bible records, Henry was born about June 1740. Assuming he was the son of Basil and Lois Pool, he was probably born in Elk Ridge in Howard County, about 10 miles south of Baltimore. When Henry was about 3 years of age, the family moved further west to Pools Chance, a tract patented by his father south of the Patapsco River near Bridge Branch. On one side of Pools Chance was a tract known as Mercers Friendship (later called Hopsons Choice), patented by Luke Mercer. On the other side was Shipleys Adventure, patented by Lois's brother, Richard Shipley.

Records indicate that Henry Poole had at least two wives. Henry apparently already had at least 8 children by the time he married Elizabeth Mercer on December 22, 1775. His first wife, Sarah Mercer, was likely Elizabeth's sister.

The 1790 census indicated that Henry Poole Sr.'s family included the following: 7 free white males, 16 or over; 3 free white males, under 16; 5 free white females; and 10 slaves.

By 1775, the year he remarried, Henry Poole and his family had moved to the Woodville District in Frederick County, about 15 miles west of the Western Falls of Patapsco area. In 1783 and 1784 he was an overseer of a road leading from the "upper part of Col. Dorsey's Quarter to the extent of the County."

In 1778, Henry purchased from John Dorsey 214 1/4 acres of a tract called Mt. Pleasant, and another 250-acre section in 1787. In 1793, he patented a 1022 + acre tract known as Pools Industry, which apparently incorporated his portions of Mt. Pleasant. And in 1795, Henry purchased from William Cumming part of the tract known as Friendship.

Friendship, which is located on the south side of Linganore Creek, is the location of the Poole House, a grand structure of stone and stucco which exhibits extraordinary craftsmanship. A number of outbuildings are adjacent to the house, including a spring house, a smokehouse (dated 1827), and a log cabin which probably predates the house. Tax records from 1798 refer to a "stone dwelling & kitchen" on the Friendship property. Indeed, the ruins of an outdoor kitchen are still visible adjoining the north wall, which is believed to be the newer portion of the house. Thus, the oldest part of the house may well date from the time of the Revolutionary War.

However, this is not the only Poole home remaining in Frederick County. A few miles away, on Poole's Industry, stands another home once owned by the Poole family, where Charlotte's brother Brice raised his family in the early 1800s. The original log cabin portion is believed to date from 1780, which is just 2 years after Henry Poole made his first land purchase in the area. Tax records from 1798 indicate Henry Poole owned "2 log dwelling houses, barn and outhouses" on this property. Because Poole's Industry predates Henry Poole's purchase of Friendship, the family may have lived there before moving to the stone house on Linganore Creek. In fact, this may well be the house where Charlotte and some of her siblings were born. It contains an attic, loft, basement, and signs of a "birthing room."

Henry Poole, Sr. apparently made his living as a tobacco farmer, as documents refer to him as a "planter" and to his tobacco crops. Millstones still on the property suggest the Poole family may have operated a mill, presumably on the banks of Linganore Creek. Within the village of Linganore are remnants of a stone building known as Poole's Store which once served as a post office.

In 1778, during the Revolutionary War, Henry Poole took an "oath of fidelity and support." Although there is no record of his taking up arms, this document entitles descendants to claim membership in the Daughters of the American Revolution (DAR). In 1776 and again in 1796, Henry Poole was listed as a voter in Frederick County. On July 14, 1810, the following notice appeared in the Frederick-Town Herald: "Henry Poole, Sen., living on Linganore, offers reward for negro Davy, 5 ft 5 inch, 29, born nr Annapolis."

Henry Poole, Sr. died on March 10, 1815, presumably at the Poole home in Linganore. No gravestone has been found, but it seems likely he was buried in an unmarked grave in the family cemetery on a bluff overlooking the Poole House, where Henry, Jr. is buried. It appears that Henry never learned to read and write, as he signed the will with only the letter "H."

Henry Poole Sr.'s will extends for 10 pages, and his accounts indicate a net worth of over \$17,000, a quite substantial amount for his day. His extensive landholdings were given to his wife and sons Henry Jr., Dennis, Brice, and Frederick. Charlotte Marquam was given 386 pounds, and different amounts were given to Basil, Barbara, Sarah, and Elizabeth.

Most of the 12 Poole children married and raised families. Here is what we know about them:

Henry, Jr., b. 11/26/1764, d. 3/8/1822; m. 1790, Margaret James; ch: Daniel J., Margaret, Lucy, Matilda, Bushrod, Joseph James, Henry, Thornton

Barbara, b. ca. 1765; m. 1789, James Wagers

Luke, d. before 1809

Dennis, b. 3/31/1769, d. 1/2X/1832; m. 2/2/1794, Henrietta Gaither; ch: Elizabeth Gaither, William Henry, Kitty, Ann, Henrietta Hanson, Thomas Ephraim Davis, Martha Gaither, Dennis, Richard D.

Frederick, d. ca. 1815; m. 12/9/1806, Mary Wood; ch: Achsah

Ann, d. before 1815; m. 2/28/1792 or 3/13/1792, Vachel Dorsey and 1796, Lyde Griffith ch: (by Dorsey) Harriet, John Henry; (by Griffith) Elizabeth, Rachel Warfield.

Brice, b. ca. 1771, d. 1820?; m. 12/11/1795, Achsah James; ch: Pamela, Rodney, Elizabeth, George Washington, Susannah.

Peregrine, d. after 1/1830

Elizabeth, b. ca. 1774, d. 12/4/1814; m. 9/27/1796, Michael Dorsey.

Sarah, b. ca. 1780; m. 1807, Augustus Learned.

Charlotte, b. 9/8/1784 (or possibly 1782), d. 1849; m. 1/22/1807, Philip Winchester Marquam; ch:

Elizabeth, William Earl, Sarah Ann; Pamelia; Charlotte, Alfred, Henry, Philip Augustus, Mary Jane, Louisa.

Basil, d. ca. 1815-16; m. 1813, Sarah Harrison.

Bible and family records identify Sarah Mercer as the mother of Dennis and Frederick Poole. All of the children born before 1775 were presumably Sarah's and were probably born in Howard Co. Those born after 1775 were Elizabeth's and were probably born in Frederick Co.

The Third Generation

Charlotte Mercer Poole Marquam by Rick Morgan

Charlotte Mercer Poole (1784-1849) has the distinction of being the common ancestor of virtually everyone with Marquam ancestry who has lived in the United States. Charlotte has literally hundreds of descendants across the U.S., particularly in the Northwest, where two of her sons settled and raised families.

Charlotte Mercer Poole was born on September 8, 1784 in Frederick County, Maryland. On January 22, 1807, she married Philip Winchester Marquam, a young carpenter and cabinet-maker from England.

Charlotte came from a prominent Frederick County family. Her father, Henry Poole, Sr., owned a large estate on the banks of Linganore Creek in Frederick County. Her mother, Elizabeth Mercer, came from a well-to-do family in Baltimore County. At least three 17th- and early 18th-century homes associated with the Poole and Marquams are still standing today in Frederick Co.

[BACK TO HOMEPAGE](#)

[POOLES OF ENGLISH ROYALTY](#)

[CAPTAIN EDWARD POOLE](#), first Poole in America

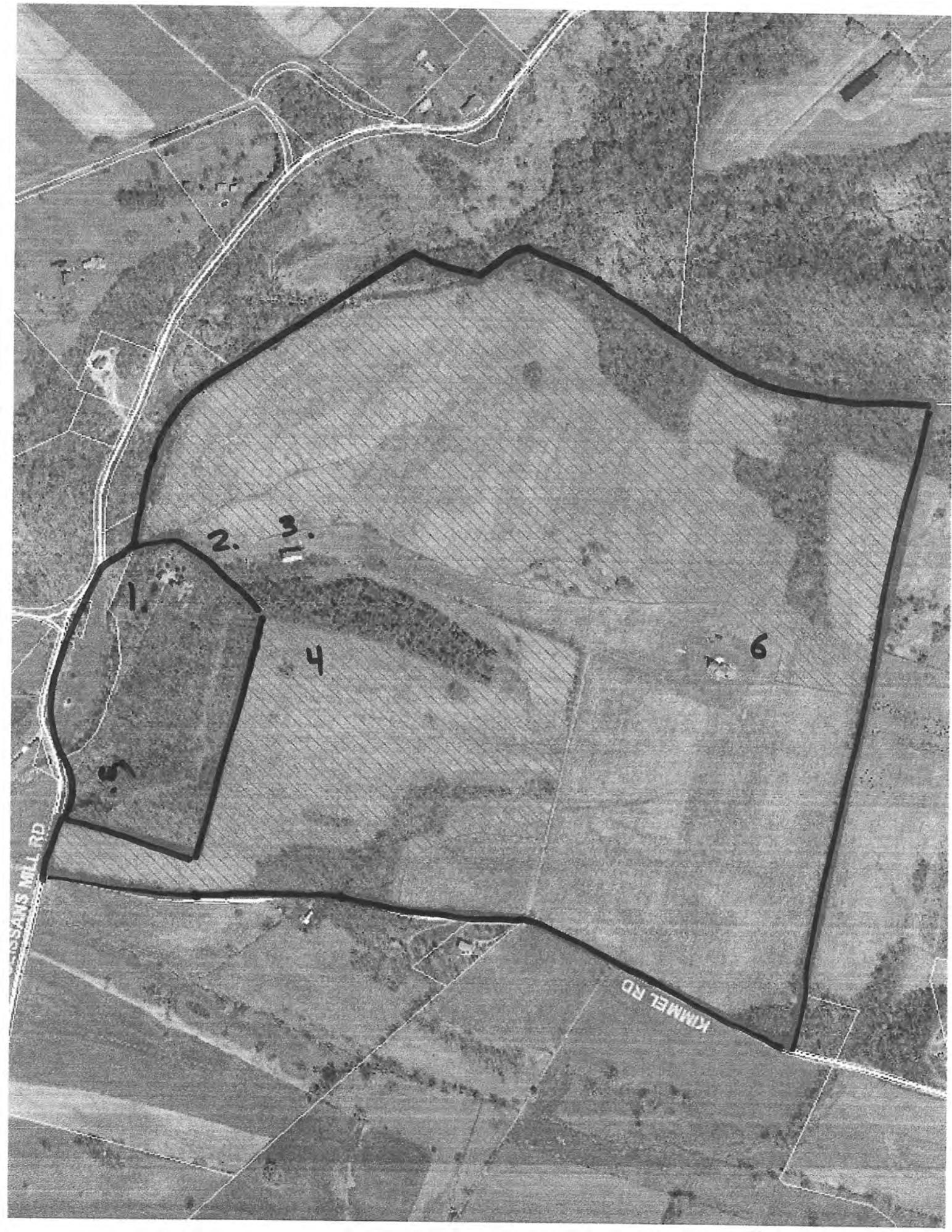
[BASILL POOLE](#), of Anne Arundel County

[THE ABRAHAM LINCOLN CONNECTION](#)

[BASILL POOLE, JUNIOR](#), of Anne Arundel County

[BASIL POOLE III](#) of Montgomery Co. MD & Trumbull Co. OH

[MATTHIAS POOLE](#) son of Basil III, with a list of descendants of Matthias



KESAMS MIL RD

KIMMEL RD

Henry Poole House Photographs



Main house. West elevation



Main House. West elevation, south end of elevation



Main House, North elevation



Main house and addition, east and north elevations.



Main house and addition. South elevation.



Main house and addition, East Elevation.



Meat house, East and South elevations



Meat house, east elevation, date stone



Former slave quarter, north and west elevations



Former Slave Quarter, Wst and South elevations.



View looking southeast towards former slave quarter, springhouse and bank barn



Stone foundation, looking northeast.



Spring house, north elevation



Spring house, east elevation.



Spring house, south and west elevations.



Stone foundation walls, looking east.



South stone foundation wall with north elevation of
bank barn in background



Bank barn, West elevation.



Bank Barn, East Elevation, Forebay area.



Bank barn and stone walls, looking south.



Pool family cemetery, looking southeast.



Grave markers in cemetery.

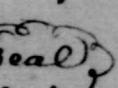


Old driveway to house. Looking westward.

LAND RECORD
WR-13

575.
b^o and d^o At Sappington Post
9 Aug 1795. At the request of Henry Poole son^r. the following deed was recorded
B. the October 1795. to wit

This Indenture made this twenty fifth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety five
between Robert Cumming Anna Cumming Elizabeth Hobbs formerly Elizabeth Cumming Edward Dorsey
and Sarah Dorsey formerly Sarah Cumming his wife Jane Maclefish formerly Jane Cumming and Richard
Simpson jun^r and Katy Simpson formerly Katy Cumming his wife being his and his wife's representatives of William
Cumming late of Frederick county in the state of Maryland deceased of the one part, and Henry Poole son
of the same County and State planter of the other part Whereas the said William Cumming in his life time
by his bond bearing date the sixth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and
seventy eight did contract with Philip Fishburn son^r to convey to him the said Philip Fishburn son^r and
his Heirs or Assigns part of a tract of Land called Friendship as hereafter described, and the said
Philip Fishburn son^r assigned said bond of conveyance to John Lawrence and said John Lawrence assigned the
said bond to Thomas Dorsey, and the said Thomas Dorsey assigned said bond to Henry Poole son^r, but
the said William Cumming having since died without complying with the said contract, and
without authorizing his Executors or any other person or persons by his last Will and Testament to convey
the said land Now this Indenture witnesseth that the said Robert Cumming Anna Cumming
Elizabeth Hobbs Edward Dorsey and Sarah Dorsey his wife Jane Maclefish and Richard Simpson jun^r
and Katy Simpson his wife for and in consideration of the premises as well as of the sum of eighteen
and twenty one pounds ten shillings current money paid by the said Henry Poole son^r in compliance
with said Philip Fishburn son^r part of the contract aforesaid the receipt whereof is hereby acknow-
ledged and acknowledged to be fully satisfied and contented that grants bargained and sold aforesaid
described and confirmed, and by these presents doth grant bargain sell alien enfeoff and confirm unto him
the said Henry Poole son^r and his heirs all the following described tract or parcel of Land lying
and being in the County aforesaid on the Waters of Herring River it being part of a tract of land called
Friendship Beginning for the out lines of the said parcel of land at a stone planted at the end of
fourteen perches on the two acre line of the whole tract called Friendship and running thence by
and with the out lines thereof to a stone planted at the end of twenty three and an half perches on
the twenty three line of said land then by a straight line to the Beginning containing one
hundred and thirteen Acres and one quarter of an acre of land more or less, and all singular
the Herring River Meadows and Improvements to the said parcel of land belonging
or in any wise appertaining, and all the property and possessions remainder and remainder
right estate interest Benefit claim and Demand whatsoever of them the said Robert Cumming
Anna Cumming Elizabeth Hobbs Edward Dorsey and Sarah Dorsey his wife Jane Maclefish, and
Richard Simpson jun^r and Katy Simpson his wife and their and each of their respective Heirs and
to all and singular the land and premises hereby bargained and sold or intended to be hereby
conveyed with their and every of their appurtenances, and of and to all and singular the
foliage and to hold the aforesaid bargained land and premises, and all and singular other the
Improvements and Advantages to the same belonging or in any wise appertaining unto him the said
Henry Poole son^r his Heirs and Assigns, and to no other use intent or purpose whatsoever And
the said Robert Cumming Anna Cumming Elizabeth Hobbs Edward Dorsey and Sarah
Dorsey his wife Jane Maclefish and Richard Simpson jun^r and Katy Simpson his wife for them
selves and their and each of their respective Heirs the aforesaid bargained land and premises
with their and every of their advantages and appurtenances unto the said Henry Poole son^r
his Heirs and Assigns against them the said Robert Cumming Anna Cumming Elizabeth
Hobbs

Committing together with all and singular the appurtenances thereto belonging and also all the Estate
right title. I assert claim and demand of him the said George Boner both in Law or Equity in or to the
said Lots of ground. To have and to hold the aforesaid Lots of ground with the appurtenances thereto
belonging unto him the said Richard Wells his heirs and assigns to the only proper use and behoof of
him the said Richard Wells his heirs and assigns forever. clear of all incumbrances excepting the ground
rent of twenty seven shillings & six pence current money which said ground rent is to be paid to
William Emmitt his heirs or assigns on the fifth day of February annually And the said George
Boner for himself his heirs executors and administrators doth hereby covenant and agree to and
with the said Richard Wells his heirs and assigns in manner following that he the said
George Boner his heirs executors and assigns ^{as administrators} shall and will at all times warrant and for ever
defend the aforesaid Lots of ground with the appurtenances thereto belonging ^{unto} him the said
Richard Wells his heirs and assigns against all claims and incumbrances. In Testimony where
of the said George Boner hath here unto set his hand and seal the day and year above written
Signed Sealed and delivered in the presence of George Boner 
John Ross Key Wm Emmitt which was thus endorsed, to wit,

State of Maryland, to wit, On the 26th day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand seven
hundred and ninety six. Came George Boner before us two of the justices of the Peace for Frederick
County and acknowledged the above Instrument of writing to be his act and deed and the Lots of
ground therein mentioned to be the right title and Estate of the above named Richard Wells his heirs
and assigns forever. At the same time came Elizabeth Boner wife of the said George Boner and being
by us examined out of the hearing of her said husband relinquished all her right and title of Dower of the
within mentioned Lots of ground unto the said Richard Wells his heirs and assigns forever. before.

John Ross Key Wm Emmitt

Exam'd & Deliv'd Grantees Order
3rd Day of December 1811 } At the request of Henry Poole sen the following Deed was
recorded the 26th day of August 1796 to wit

This Indenture made the ninth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hun-
dred and ninety six. Between Thomas Cumming of Richmond County in the state of Georgia
Merchant and one of the heirs and representatives of William Cumming late of Frederick County and
State of Maryland deced of the one part and Henry Poole senior of Frederick County and State
of Maryland planter of the other part. Whereas the said William Cumming in his life time by his
bond bearing date the sixth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and
seventy eight did contract with Philip Fishburn senior to convey to him the said Philip Fishburn
sen and his heirs and assigns part of a tract of land called Friendship as herein after described
and the said Philip Fishburn sen signed said Bond of conveyance to John Lawrence and
said John Lawrence signed the said Bond to Thomas Darcy and the said Thomas Darcy
Assigned said Bond to Henry Poole sen. But the said William Cumming having
since died without complying with the said Contract on his part and without authorizing

his Executors or any other Person or Persons by his last will and Testament to convey the said Land.
And Whereas a Deed of Conveyance bearing date the twenty fifth day of May in the year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and ninety five was duly made executed and acknowledged by the other heirs and representatives of the said William Cumming on their part for the land aforesaid for the consideration therein mentioned, being the sum of six hundred and twenty one pounds ten shillings current money the receipt whereof is therein acknowledged by the said other heirs and representatives of the said William Cumming. And Whereas the said Henry Poole senior title to the land aforesaid would be incomplete without a Conveyance to him by the said Thomas Cumming the other heir and representative as aforesaid. Now This Indenture therefore witnesseth that for and in consideration of the summes as well as of the sum of five shillings current money paid by the said Henry Poole senior the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged. Hath granted bargained sold aliened on sold and confirmed and by these presents doth grant bargain sell alien enfeoff and confirm unto him the said Henry Poole senior and his heirs. All the following described tract or parcel of land being part of a tract of land called Friendship lying and being on the Waters of Linganore in Frederick County aforesaid. Beginning for the out lines of said parcel of land at a stone planted at the end of fourteen perches on the twentieth line of the whole tract called Friendship, and running thence by and with the out lines thereof to a stone planted at the end of twenty three and a half perches on the twenty third line of said land then by a straight line to the Beginning containing one hundred and thirteen acres and one quarter of an acre of land more or less, and all and singular the houses Orchards, fences, meadows and Improvements to the said parcel of land belonging or in any wise appertaining. And also the reversion and reversions, remainders and remainders right Estate, Interest, benefit, claim and demand whatsoever of him the said Thomas Cumming and his heirs of in and to all and singular the lands and premises hereby bargained and sold with their and way of their appurtenances and of in and to every part and parcel of them. To have and to hold the aforesaid bargained land and premises and all and singular other the Improvements and advantages to the same belonging or in any wise appertaining unto him the said Henry Poole senior his heirs and assigns forever, to the only use and behoof of him the said Henry Poole senior his heirs and assigns and to no other use intent or purpose whatsoever and the said Thomas Cumming for himself and his heirs the aforesaid bargained premises with their and every of their advantages and appurtenances unto the said Henry Poole senior his heirs and assigns. against him the said Thomas Cumming and his heirs and assigns respectively and all persons claiming by from or under them or any of them shall and will warrant and forever defend. In witness whereof the aforesaid Thomas Cumming has hereunto set his hand and affixed his seal the day and year first above written.—

Sealed and delivered in presence of The Cumming Seal
Francis B. Sappington, Daniel Dasey, (which was thus Badged, town,) Frederick County, On the ninth day of August 1796 James before as two of the

Frederick County, Md.

92

Adamstown	Adam Kohlenberg 27 Mar. 1860 George T. Kohlenberg 2 Nov. 60
Barry	James H. Hamilton 15 June 1855 Edward F. Gibbs 21 Dec. 1860
Reed	Mortimer Peacher 28 Mar. 1860 H. Bigaloos 18 Nov. 1870
Woliver	Joshua D. Koyle 8 July 1856 George W. Warfield 29 Sept. 1860
Bridgeport	Isaac Heyder 4 Apr. 1856 Henry Hill 2 May 1860
Buckeystown	Grafton Howell 29 Mar. 1860 David Thomas 14 Aug. 1860
Burkettsville	Manasseh J. Grose 29 Dec. 1856 Grafton Hammond 23 Dec. 1856
Clarendontown	David C. Baker 11 July 1856 Henry C. Frearite 2 May 1857
Continued	Alice J. F. Otto 25 Apr. 1857 Joseph C. Morris 28 Dec. 1870
Emmitsburgh	Jauchin Elder 15 Apr. 1853 Robert Crooks 29 Mar. 1853
Continued	Re-appointed (P/28 Sept. 1872)
Frederick	(a.k.a.) John J. Smith (P.) 9 Apr. 1858 Re-appointed (P/45 10 May 1858) 27 July 1857
Do.	Thos. M. Wolfe (P.) 26 Oct. 1858 George W. R. Vernon (P.) 8 Mar. 1860
Graccham	Simon Meredithe 26 Oct. 1854 Jacob Gernand 14 Mar. 1855
Greenfield Mills	Meredith Davis 19 June 1853 Samuel Milford 21 Oct. 1853
Hammond	Samuel Kacoroff 30 June 1857 Benj. F. Sellman 18 Dec. 1860
Jefferson	Henry G. Thomas 12 Sept. 1855 Charles E. Thomas 19 Mar. 1855
Johnsville	John Kinger Jr. 11 Apr. 1854 Ephraim Stover 20 Apr. 1854
Do.	Lott Hartcock 10. 1869 John W. S. Hartcock 10 April 1873
Kempton	William A. Bennett 7 Dec. 1853 Samuel T. Hood 11 Nov. 1853
Continued	Re-established 18 May 1860 Discontinued 20 June 1862 Milton R. Lewis 8 May 1861
Ladiesburgh	Samuel Birdy 1 Jan. 1851 Francis C. Renner 11 Feb. 1860
Libertytown	John H. Spohn 3 May 1853 Cordelia Davis 19 Mar. 1853
Linganore	Isaac Brower 13 Aug. 1855 Thornton Poole 21 March 1857
Continued	Nathaniel H. Clary 14 June 1856 David H. Lewis 16 Dec. 1860
Mechanicstown	Waffen Ody 23 May 1857 George H. Johnson 4 April 1858
Cont.	John R. Rouzer 15 March 1864 John Root 1866 to 1872
Middleton	Henry J. Levy 25 June 1856 Christian Rembaugh 28 May 1858
Do.	Alfred C. Bragonier 23 Sept. 1872 John H. J. Rady 5 Oct. 1872
Monrovia	Jacob Corriese 21 Apr. 1859 David P. Griffiths 2 August 1859
Do.	Walon P. Wood 21 Dec. 1871

Established	Joseph B. Garrett (P/13 Dec. 1850) 8 Nov. 1855 Lingan, Boteler 10 Aug. 1860 J. Norman (P/18 Dec. 1850) 15 Apr. 1869
Discontinued	Basie Dushmunt (P/13 Dec. 1850) 12 Dec. 1854
Established	Christian Correll 20 May 1865
Discontinued	Arthur Delashmunt 10 Apr. 1869
Established	Thomas P. Maught 20 Apr. 1860 John Brightman 18 Aug. 1864
Established	Abraham A. Black 8 May 1860 J. H. Brown Otto 19 Apr. 1861 Eli Otto 14 April 1862
Continued	Zoiah Koller 21 Dec. 1861
Established	Jacob W. Crooks 5 Dec. 1862 Jacob Knouff 3 Oct. 1866 Oliver A. Horner 11 March 1869
Established	Charles B. Maffay (P/23 Dec. 1859) William Banks (P/10 May 1861) William W. Kelly (P/11 April 1865) 2 (P/5 16 July 1861) 2 (P/5 12 Dec. 1862) 2 (P/5 24 July 1863)
Continued	Geo. H. Z. Black (P/5) 8 April 1869 Charles W. Miller (P/24 July 1863) Calvin L. Fifer 2 May 1865 Eugene J. Gernand 25 May 1869
Established	William P. Allens 8 April 1859 John T. Talbott 2 May 1865 James G. Roberts 25 Nov. 1865
Established	Established 24 Mar. 1864 Theodore H. Hoffman 24 Mar. 1864 Joseph W. Elzter 10 Aug. 1864
Continued	Discontinued 3 Mar. 1863
Established	William A. Bennett 26 Sept. 1860 Discontinued 12 Sept. 1860
Continued	William M. Glaze 12 Sept. 1860
Established	Jacob H. Kirely 17 Feb. 1866 Thos. H. Martz 7 July 1866
Established	John S. L. Rodrick 17 Mar. 1869
Continued	Established 17 May 1860 David P. Foutz 12 Apr. 1860
Established	Discontinued 17 May 1860 W. Nicodemus 18 Dec. 1860
Continued	Joseph Harris Johnson 6 Nov. 1860 George H. Johnson 22 Nov. 1860 Frederick White 29 Aug. 1866
Established	Van B. Swaringen 21 Aug. 1866 John H. C. Rudy 12 March 1867
Continued	Alfred C. Bragonier 20 Jan. 1868
Established	Thomas England 10 May 1860 Louis F. Patrick 11 June 1861 Nicholas H. Kennedy 1866 to 1872

James S. Simmons, Susan E. Simmons and Mary Virginia Neill inherited as the only children and heirs at law of said R. Emory Simmons dec'd.

Witness our hands and Seals

Witness to signature of James S. Simmons

H. M. Meade

Witness as to signatures of residue

Clean Moore

James S. Simmons

Seal

Susan E. Simmons

Seal

W^m Neill

Seal

Mary Virginia Neill

Seal

State of Virginia Roanoke County, Set:

I hereby certify that on this 9th day of August in the year Eighteen hundred and Eighty three before me a Notary Public in and for the County and State aforesaid personally appeared James S. Simmons and acknowledged the foregoing Deed to be his act.

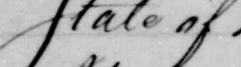
In Testimony Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed
My Notarial Seal the day and year above written.

J. F. Barksdale N.P.

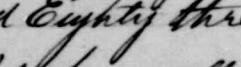
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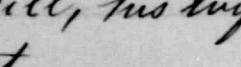
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Seal.



Seal.



Seal.



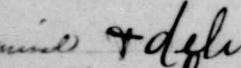
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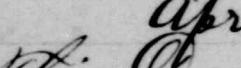
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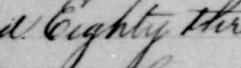
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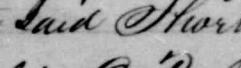
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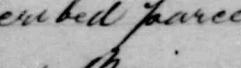
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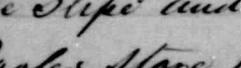
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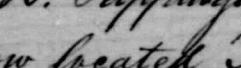
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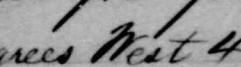
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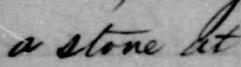
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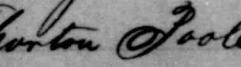
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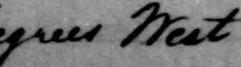
Seal.



Seal.



Seal.



Seal.



Seal.



Seal.



Seal.



Seal.



Seal.

¹² North 32 degrees West 18.65 perches to a stone at the beginning of the 3rd line of the deed from Daniel Poole and wife to Thornton Poole dated May 4th 1840 then with the lines of said deed ¹³ North 75 degrees West 58.50 perches to a stone ¹⁴ North 60 degrees West 28.40 perches to a stone at the end of the 3rd line of the deed from Thornton Poole and wife to Samuel Glisan Jr. dated June 19. 1846 then with the lines of said deed reversed ¹⁵ North 3¹/₄ degrees West 33.75 perches to a stone ¹⁶ North 34 degrees East 22 perches to a stone at the end of 46 perches on the 1st line of the aforesaid deed from Daniel Poole & wife then with said line ¹⁷ South 69¹/₂ degrees East 118 perches to a stone ¹⁸ South 45 degrees West 31.50 perches to a stone at the beginning of the 3rd line of the deed from John Baker and wife to Thornton Poole dated June 15th 1850 then with the lines of said deed ¹⁹ North 13³/₄ degrees East 13.40 perches to a stone ²⁰ South 65¹/₂ degrees East 18.50 perches to a stone at the end of 29.50 perches on the 4th line of the deed from Noah Philips to Thornton Poole dated February 2nd 1840 then with the lines of said deed reversed ²¹ North 22 degrees East 29.50 perches to a stone ²² South 68 degrees East 33 perches to a stone ²³ North 22 degrees East 60 perches to a stone ²⁴ South 68 degrees East 75 perches to a stone at the beginning of the 2nd line of the deed from Samuel Poop and wife to Thornton Poole dated August 31st 1849 then with said line ²⁵ South 68 East 27 perches to a stone ²⁶ South 13³/₄ degrees West 45.20 perches to a stone at the end of the 3rd line of the aforesaid deed from E. H. Rockwell and F. B. Sappington then, ²⁷ South 49¹/₂ degrees West 42.70 perches to the beginning containing 179 acres 2 rods 5 sq perches of land

Witnesseth our hands and seals

Test

H. Breunissen

Thornton Poole *(Seal)*

Rachel R Poole *(Seal)*

State of Maryland Frederick County to wit:

I hereby certify that on the twenty sixth day of February in the year Eighteen hundred and Eighty three before the subscriber a Justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland in and for Frederick County personally appeared Thornton Poole and Rachel R Poole his wife and did each acknowledge the aforesaid deed to be their respective act.

H. Breunissen J. S.

Examined & delivered to Grantee At the Request of A. M. Burkhardt the following Deed
October 6th 1906. } is Received for Record and Recorded September 22. 1883
} at 1:30 P.M. Test. Adolphus Gearhardt Jr. C.R.

This Deed made this 11th day of September in the year 1883 by us Nicholas Gasaway and Jane R. Gasaway his wife Witnesseth that in consideration of twelve and one half dollars we the said N. Gasaway and his wife do grant and convey to Albert M. Burkhardt, the following described parcel of land lying in Frederick County Md, and containing one acre of land more or less, viz: a certain piece or parcel of land (near the Water House of the Frederick City Corporation) lying on the Northeast side of the Hamburg Road; adjoining the lands of the said Burkhardt and others, it being the same parcel of land which was conveyed to the said Gasaway by deed from Abraham Adams, said deed bearing date May 1st 1878, and which will be found duly recorded in Liber T.G. No 10 Folio 132 &c One of the Land Records of Frederick County as by reference thereto for further particulars will more fully appear

Witness our hands & seals

Test

Thomas Turner

Nicholas Gasaway *(Seal)*

Jane R. ^{W.} Gasaway *(Seal)*

At and during or
on Charles E. Poole
November 1, 1926

At the request of Charles E. Poole
the following Deed is Received for Record
And Recorded Oct 31-1913 at 12th O'clock P.M.

Test: Harry W. Bowers, Clerk

This deed made this thirty first day of December in the year eighteen
hundred and ninety by us Lucy E. Poole and Clara B. Poole of Frederick
County State of Maryland, Margaret F. Deane and A. V. Deane her husband
of Washington County and said state Emma G. Boland and William F. Boland
her husband of Montgomery County and said state Edward Poole and Margaret
Poole his wife of Des Moines Co. State of Iowa Cordelia O. Poole M. Corinne
Beavans and Charles A. Beavans of Washington City D. C. Witnesseth
that in consideration of fifteen thousand dollars we the said Lucy E.
Poole, Clara B. Poole, Margaret F. Deane and A. V. Deane her husband Emma
G. Boland and William F. Boland her husband Edward Poole and Margaret
Poole his wife Cordelia O. Poole M. Corinne Beavans and Charles A. Beavans,
do grant unto Charles E. Poole of Frederick County, state of Maryland the
following described parcel of land situate lying and being in Frederick
County State of Maryland conveyed to Thornton Poole late of Frederick County
deceased by three deed one from Bushrod Poole dated April 5th 1832
one from Joseph Poole and wife dated April 8th, 1837 and one from E. H.
Rockwell and F. B. Sappington dated June 21st 1848. Beginning for the
part hereby intended to be conveyed at a stone at the end of the fourth
line of said deed from E. H. Rockwell and F. B. Sappington Being also
the beginning of the deed from Thornton Poole and wife to Lucy E. Poole
and others dated then with the outlines of this last named deed
seven lines North 79° West 44 perches to a stone South 29 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° West 2.60 perches
to a stone North 77 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° West 26 perches to a stone South 9 $\frac{3}{4}$ ° West 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ perches
to a stone South 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° East 48 perches to a stone South 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° West 21 perches
to a stone South 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° East 29 perches to a stone at the end of the first
line of the aforesaid deed from Joseph Poole and wife then with the outlines
thereof reversed South 26 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° West 82.40 perches to a stone South 77 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° East
197.40 perches to a stone at the end of the second line of the aforesaid
deed from Bushrod Poole then with the outlines thereof reversed thirteen
lines North 25.50 perches to a stone South 54° West 2 perches to the stone
North 21 $\frac{3}{4}$ ° East 53 perches to a stone North 34 $\frac{1}{4}$ ° East 43 perches to a stone
North 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° East 10 perches to a stone North 38° West 17.75 perches to a stone
North 19° East 20.50 perches to a stone North 38 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° West 22 perches to a stone
North 2.50 perches to a stone North 36 $\frac{3}{4}$ ° West 56 perches to a stone North 77°
West 16 perches to a stone North 82 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° West 13.75 perches to a stone North 71 $\frac{1}{2}$ °
West 5.40 perches to a stone at the end of the seventh line of the aforesaid
deed from E. H. Rockwell and F. B. Sappington then with the outlines thereof
reversed North 31 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° West 12.60 perches to a stone North 82 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° West 10 perches to
a stone North 57° West 18 perches to the beginning containing 240 acres more
or less. Witness our hands and seals.

O. Jesse Stottemyer

Test as to Andrew M. V. B. { Test

Deane & Margaret F. Deane

Wm. Muser, as to Wm F. Boland

& Emma G. Boland Test

Lucy E. Poole

(seal)

Andrew M. V. B. Deane

(seal)

Margaret F. Deane

(seal)

Wm F. Boland

(seal)

Emma G. Boland

(seal)

the 14th day of August, 1915, and recorded in Liber H.W.B. No. 314, folio 85, one of the land records for Frederick County, Maryland, reference to which said deed is hereby made and the same made a part hereof.

And we, the said William W. Smith and Etta L. Smith, his wife, hereby covenant that we will warrant generally the property hereby conveyed, and that we will execute such other and further assurances as may be requisite or necessary.

Witness our hands and seals.

Test David Herschel J. P.

his
William W. x Smith (SEAL)
mark

Etta L. Smith (SEAL)

State of Maryland,

Frederick County, to wit:-

I hereby certify that on this 10th day of January 1927, before me, the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace of the state of Maryland, in and for Frederick County, personally appeared the above named William W. Smith and Etta L. Smith, his wife, and did each acknowledge the foregoing deed to be their respective act and deed.

Witness my hand and Seal.

David Herschel J. P. (SEAL)

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*Ex. & delivered to Grantee Jan. 19
1927.*

At the request of Martin L. Nicodemus and wife the following deed was received for record and recorded January 13, 1927, at 1.45 o'clock, P. M.
Test: Eli G. Haugh, Clerk.

This deed, made this 13th day of January, in the year Nineteen hundred and twenty seven, by me, Harriet D. Poole, widow, of Frederick County in the State of Maryland.

Witnesseth; that in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars, and other good and valuable considerations, and subject to the reservation and exception hereinafter mentioned and described, I, the said Harriett D. Poole, do grant unto Martin L. Nicodemus and Norma R. Nicodemus, his wife, all that tract or parcel of land, situated in Frederick County, in the State of Maryland, which was conveyed to Charles E. Poole by Lucy E. Poole, Claire B. Poole and others, by deed dated December 31, A. D. 1890, and recorded in Liber H.W.B. No. 306, folios 369, etc., one of the Land Records of Frederick County, Maryland and described in the said deed as follows: the following described parcel of land situate, lying and being in Frederick County, State of Maryland, conveyed to Thornton Poole, late of Frederick County, deceased, by three deeds; one from Bushrod Poole, dated April 5th, 1832; one from Joseph Poole and wife, dated April 8th, 1837, and one from E. H. Rockwell and F. B. Sappington, dated June 21st 1848. Beginning for the part hereby intended to be conveyed at a stone at the end of the fourth line of said deed from E. H. Rockwell and F. B. Sappington, being also the beginning of the deed from Thornton Poole and wife to Lucy E. Poole and others, dated Feb 26th, 1883, recorded in Liber A. R. No. 7, folio 455, one of the land records of Frederick County, then with the outlines of this last named deed seven lines; (1) North 79° West 44 perches to a stone, (2) South 29½° West 9.60 perches to a stone, (3) North 77½° West 26 perches to a stone, (4) South 9¾° West 42 perches to a stone, (5) South 1½° East 48 perches to a stone, (6) South 16½° West 21 perches to a stone, (7) South 3½° East 29 perches to a stone at the end of the first line of the aforesaid deed from Joseph Poole and wife, then with the outlines thereof reversed, (8) South 26½° West 82.40 perches to a stone, (9) South 77¾° East 197.40 perches to a stone at the end of the second line of the aforesaid deed from Bushrod Poole, then with the outlines thereof reversed thirteen lines, (10) North 25.50 perches to a stone, (11) south 54° West 2 perches to a stone, (12) North 21½° East 53 perches to a stone, (13)

North $34\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$ East 43 perches to a stone, (14) North $18\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ East 10 perches to a stone, (15) North 38° West 17.75 perches to a stone, (16) North 19° East 20.50 perches to a stone, (17) North $38\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ West 22 perches to a stone, (18) North 2.50 perches to a stone, (19) North $36\frac{3}{4}^{\circ}$ West 56 perches to a stone, (20) North 77° West 16 perches to a stone, (21) North $82\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ West 13.75 perches to a stone, (22) North $71\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ West 5.40 perches to a stone at the end of the seventh line of the aforesaid deed from E. H. Rockwell and F. B. Sappington, then with the outlines thereof reversed, (23) North $31\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ West 12.60 perches to a stone, (24) North $82\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ West 10 perches to a stone, (25) North 57° West 18 perches to the beginning, containing two hundred and forty (240) acres of land, more or less; reserving and excepting, however, from this conveyance that portion of the above-described land, described as follows according to a survey and description thereof made by Emory C. Crum, surveyor, November 27, 1926; Beginning for the part hereby reserved at the original beginning of the above-mentioned deed to Charles E. Poole dated December 31st, 1890, said point of beginning being at the end of 1.0 perch on a line drawn North $60\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ East from the northeast corner of the store-room and house erected on said land hereby reserved and running thence north $79\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$ West - 4.8 perches to a stake planted on the south side of the road leading toward New London, thence South 17° West - 4.8 perches, thence South $75\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ East - 11.0 perches to a stake, thence North 17° East - 3.3 perches to the south side of said road leading toward New London, thence by and with the same, North 58° West - 6.5 perches to the beginning, containing 0 acres, 1 rood and 18.4 square perches of land, more or less; leaving the quantity of land hereby conveyed, two hundred and thirty-nine (239) acres, two (2) roods and twenty - one and six-tenths (21.6) square perches of land, more or less.

The land and premises hereby conveyed being the same of which Charles E. Poole, late of Frederick County, Maryland, died, seized, leading a last will and testament, probated by the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, on December 17, A. D. 1925, and recorded in Liber G.E.S. No. 1, folio 513, one of the Will REcords of said County, whereby he did devise the aforesaid land and premises to his widow, Harriet D. Poole, the grantor in this deed; as by reference to the above-mentioned will and deed will more fully and at large appear.

Together with the buildings and improvements on the land hereby conveyed and all the rights, ways, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Witness my hand and seal.

Test: S. Edward Shaw

Harriet D. Poole (SEAL)

State of Maryland,

to wit:-

Frederick County,

I hereby certify that on this 13th day of January, A. D. 1927, before me, the subscriber, a Notary Public of the State of Maryland, in and for Frederick County, personally appeared Harriet D. Poole, the above-named grantor, and acknowledged the foregoing deed to be her act.

Witness my hand and Notarial Seal.



S. Edward Shaw.

Notary Public.

Commission expires May 2, 1927.

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Baltimore, and became later a promoter and builder in that city. He "held" the ancestral home in Maryland and there he died, July 15, 1855, a Democrat. Mr. Ridgely was a son of Basil and Arabella Crossman. The Crawfords and Crossmans are families of Prince George's County. Mrs. Ridgely died March 14, 1855, twenty years. She bore three daughters: Catharine D., Irwin Oliver, on the home farm, and Anne Brown.

Oliver D. (Crawford) Ridgely, received education in the public schools. Studied at Western Maryland and took up the occupation of a farmer. He has always been identified with rural life. After his marriage in 1887, he farmed three miles east of New Market. He continued to operate until 1900. At that time, he gave up active life to live in retirement at New Market, where he still resides. Besides the property just mentioned, Mr. Ridgely owns another tract of 146 acres in the same district also. He votes the Democratic ticket.

He was married December 27, 1887, to Anna Maynard, daughter of Benjamin (Claggett) Maynard. She is a member of the Baptist Church. There is one daughter: Helen J., Irwin Oliver, born in 1890.

Irwin Oliver, son of Thomas and Anna Maynard, was born on the 27th of August, 1819. He was educated at home. He fell heir to part of the property of his father. He was married to Eliza M. Claggett, daughter of Robert Claggett, of Claggett, Md., and his wife, Ann Maynard, of the same county. Mr. Poole bought his farm in August, 1868, in the Olivet Cemetery, Frederick, Md., and died in 1886. They were the parents of ten children, seven of whom are as follows: Ruth, married James, living at Thurmont; Robert Claggett, married Leah; Leah Ellen, married Howard, died in 1886; Rachel Thomas, the wife of our subject; Howard, died in 1886; Grafton, married Emma, died in 1886; and Baltimore.

Maynards, see sketch in this

CHARLES EDGAR POOLE, a prominent farmer of Liberty District, Frederick County, Md., son of Thornton and Rachel Ruth (Owings) Poole, was born on his father's farm in Woodville District, Frederick County, Md., June 21, 1854. *(Jr.)*

Henry Poole, grandfather of Charles E. Poole, was the first of the name to settle on the farm in Woodville District, on which his son and his grandson were born. He himself was born in 1764, on a farm near by which belonged to his father. His whole life was devoted to the cultivation of the land which he received from his father. His brother served his country in the War of 1812. Henry Poole was married to Margaret James, daughter of Daniel James. Their children are: 1, Daniel, married Miss Biggs; 2, Margaret, married a Mr. Jones; 3, Lucy (Mrs. Benjamin Nelson); 4, Matilda (Mrs. Nathan Nelson); 5, Bushrod, M. D.; 6, Joseph James, deceased, married Miss Slingluff; 7, Henry, died in youth; 8, Thornton. Henry Poole and his wife died at their home in Woodville District at a good old age.

1822
1764

~58

Mr. Poole's father, Thornton Poole, was born on the home farm in Woodville District, August 8, 1810. He was prepared for college at home by a private tutor, and completed his education at Mount St. Mary's College in Emmitsburg, Md. After leaving college, Mr. Poole returned to the homestead where he spent his whole life, devoting himself to the cultivation of the soil. He was a life-long Democrat, and was highly esteemed in the county. Thornton Poole was married to Rachel Ruth, daughter of Dr. Beall and Cordelia (Harris) Owings, of Harrisville, Md. Their children are: 1, Narcissa, married Captain Charles A. Beavans; 2, Lucy Elizabeth, deceased; 3, Edward, of Montgomery County, Md., spent the greater part of his life in Iowa, where he married a widow who was Miss Jones, daughter of his father's sister, Margaret Elizabeth (Poole) Jones; 4, Margaret F., (Mrs. A. V. Deaner), of Washington County, Maryland; 5, Cordelia O.; 6, Emma (Mrs. William F. Bolland), of Montgomery County, Md.; 7, Claire B.; 8, Henry Thornton, died in early manhood having just completed his education at New Windsor College; 9, Charles Edgar. Mr. Poole died in June, 1886. A short time before his death Mr. Poole was received into the Roman Catholic Church. His widow died in December following her husband's death.

Charles Edgar Poole received his early education at home under a private tutor, and completed his studies at M. A. C., in 1872. When he returned from college, Mr. Poole began far-

ming on the homestead with his father and, after his father's death, in 1886, purchased the home property, a fertile farm of 240 acres situated in Woodville District. Five years ago, Mr. Poole bought the farm on which he now resides, a place of 180 acres of arable land, in Liberty District. He is an intelligent, progressive farmer and his labors have been rewarded by financial success. He is a staunch Democrat, interested in county affairs.

Charles Edgar Poole was married, April 6, 1904, to Harriet D., daughter of John and Elizabeth (Downey).

(For family history of Mrs. Poole, see biography of William Downey of New Market, Md.)

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JOSEPH M. DRONENBURG, general manager for Scoll Bros., dealers in carpets and furniture, in Frederick City, Md., son of the late John T. and Annie (Dixon) Dronenburg, was born in Ijamsville, New Market District, Frederick County, Md., May 17, 1873.

Mr. Dronenburg's great-grandfather, Jacob Dronenburg, came from Germany in company with two brothers and settled in Frederick County, Md., where he owned a smithy in which he carried on a successful business. He married and among his children was a son named Jacob.

Jacob Dronenburg, grandfather of Joseph M. Dronenburg, was born in Clarksburg. He was educated in the public schools of his native district, and learned masonry and plastering. He was a skilled workman and did the stone work and the plastering for some of the finest buildings in Frederick County. He was very successful in business and after years of hard work, he gave up his trades, purchased a farm near Urbana, and devoted the rest of his life to cultivating and improving his property. Mr. Dronenburg was a Republican, and for a number of years held the office of postmaster in Urbana, where he was highly esteemed as a citizen. Jacob Dronenburg was married to Mary M. Madery. Their children are: 1, John T.; 2, Jane, married to Joseph Brandenburg, a farmer and former tax collector of Carroll County, Md.; 3, Lucy A., widow of the late James Murray, who was a contractor of Carroll County.

John T. Dronenburg, father of Joseph M. Dronenburg, was born in Urbana, Frederick County, Md., in 1842. He was educated in a private school and learned blacksmithing. He was successful as a smith but when the Civil War broke out, and Cole's Cavalry was organized, Mr. Dronenburg enlisted and served for

three years and nine months. After the end of the war, he returned to Frederick City and opened a smithy on East Patrick street, Frederick, in the property now owned by Seeger. After carrying on a successful business for some time, Mr. Dronenbun removed to a place now called Pearl, but in a few years he returned to Ijamsville, and purchased a smithy in which he was doing a good business when he was killed by an accident on the Baltimore and Ohio R. R., January 17th, 1871. Mr. Dronenbun was a hard working man, a good citizen. His death was a shock to the community. He was a member of Reynold Post, G. A. R., of Frederick. He is buried in the cemetery of the Methodist Church in Ijamsville. His widow resides in Ijamsville. J. T. Dronenbun was married to Annie, daughter of Joshua and Mary (Getzendanner) Dronenbun, whose father was a retired farmer of Baltimore, Md. Their children are: 1, Cora (Mrs. Charles Hopkins), of Brooklyn, N. Y.; 2, Lillie, married to Garrot Linthum, a carpenter, of Ijamsville; 3, Lucy D. (Mrs. Ignatius Palmer), of Ijamsville; 4, Joseph M.; 5, John J., collector and salesman, Frederick, Md.; 6, M. S. (Mrs. William Etchison), of New Market, Md.; 7, Margaret E., teacher, at home. Dronenbun and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Ijamsville, of which he contributed liberally. He was a publican, and belonged to the Improved Order of Red Men, of New Market.

Joseph M. Dronenburg was educated in public schools of Ijamsville, and remained with his parents until after the death of his father when he accepted a clerkship in the office of Old City Passenger R. R. Company of Baltimore. When this road was consolidated with the United Railway Company, Mr. Dronenburg was made one of the division superintendents. After holding this position for five years he resigned to accept a clerkship with Scoll Brothers, doing business on the installment plan in Baltimore. After serving the firm acceptably for two years in Baltimore, Mr. Dronenburg was sent to Frederick to open a branch office. He is very successful as general manager of the business, and carries a full line of furniture, carpets, and all house furnishing goods. It is the best equipped installment house in Western Maryland. Mr. Dronenburg attends closely to business and accommodates his patrons in every possible way. He is a Republican interested in all that concerns the progress of the community. He belongs to Mountain Lodge, No. 29, K. of P., of Frederick.

ghter of Valentine
e no children. M
e are members of
urch, of Frederick

young horses, cattle, &c. and a variety of household and kitchen furniture, on a credit of six months without interest. Sale to commence at ten o'clock if fair, if not, the next fair day.

GEORGE FRENCH.

July 14.

Washington Monument Lottery.
FIRST CLASS.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of	850,000	is	850,000
1	30,000		30,000
1	20,000		20,000
2	10,000		20,000
3	5,000		15,000
20	100 Tickets each		20,000
3	2,000		6,000
14	1,000		14,000
20	500		10,000
25	200		5,000
50	100		5,000
100	50		5,000
500	20		10,000
1,000	15		15,000
10,000	12		120,000
11,740 Prizes	Not two Blanks		
23,260 Blanks	to a Prize.		350,000

35,000 Tickets at \$10 each
Cash prizes subject to a discount of 15 per cent.

STATIONERY PRIZES—AS FOLLOWS:

First 7,000 drawn blanks entitled to \$12 each
— drawn ticket, 5.000

5, 10, 15 & 20th days 500
— each day from the 21st to the 100.

40th inclusive, (excepting the Tickets
tickets constituting prizes) — each.

The said 20 prizes to consist of the number
from 10,000 to 12,000 inclusive, each hundred of
the said 2000 to be one prize, the first hundred
or lowest number for the 21st day, and so regu-
larly ascending to the 40th.

First drawn tickets 42, 43, 48, 53

Do.	55 & 58th days, each	1,000
Do.	50	30,000
Do.	60	2,000
Do.	65	5,000
Do.	68	10,000
Do	70	2,000

This scheme, to those who purchase with an eye to gain, offers advantages equal to any ever projected in America—but the managers know that the feelings of every friend of his country, will prompt him to

Frederick (MD) Herald, July 14, 1810

Distressing Accident.—We lament to state, that on Wednesday two worthy and laborious men, by the names of Green and Hodges, were shockingly maimed by the accidental discharge of a cannon, while celebrating the independence of their country on a wharf at the north part of the town. Green has lost both arms and part of his face, and Hodges one arm, and received other injuries; both have young children, whose sole dependence was on the labour of hands now lost forever. One or two active persons have set on foot a subscription to raise a fund for the support of the unfortunates and their families, to which the attention of men of liberal hearts is earnestly solicited.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, living on Linganoie, Frederick county, Maryland, about six miles from Libertytown, on Thursday night the 12th inst. a negro fellow named DAVY; five feet five inches high or there abouts, very black, stoop shouldered, bow-legged, pretty large feet, down look but smiling countenance when spoken to, 29 years old, the wool on the top of his head very thin—had on and took with him a blue doublet of fine cloth, a pair of constitution cord pantaloons, an old white shirt, a pair of boots and a pair of calf skin shoes, a wool hat and a variety of other clothing unknown. The above fellow was born near Annapolis, where he has a number of relations and to which place or Pennsylvania it is expected he has made. Ten dollars will be given if taken in the county, if out of the county and within the state fifteen dollars, and if out of the state the above reward with reasonable charges if brought home.

HENRY POOLE, Sen.

July 14.

ARRIVAL FROM UNIONVILLE, 1857.

CAROLINE ALDRIDGE AND JOHN WOOD.

CAROLINE was a stout, light-complexioned, healthy-looking young woman of twenty-three years of age. She fled from Thornton Poole, of Unionville, Md. She gave her master the character of being a "very mean man; with a wife meaner still." "I consider them mean in every respect," said Caroline. No great while before she escaped, one of her brothers and a sister had been sent to the Southern market. Recently she had been apprized that herself and a younger brother would have to go the same dreadful road. She therefore consulted with the brother and a particular young friend, to whom she was "engaged," which resulted in the departure of all three of them. Though the ordinary steps relative to marriage, as far as slaves were allowed, had been complied with, nevertheless on the road to Canada, they availed themselves of the more perfect way of having the ceremony performed, and went on their way rejoicing.

Since the sale of Caroline's brother and sister, just referred to, her mother and three children had made good their exit to Canada, having been evidently prompted by said sale. Long before that time, however, three other brothers fled on the Underground Rail Road. They were encouraged to hope to meet each other in Canada.

awba, Delaware,
to the Algonquin
Courtesy, Pontiac



Henry Poole Homestead. The house served early Brethren as a meeting house. The barn (rebuilt) below was the site of several early Love Feasts. Remains from an Indian camp compound are still partially visible in the meadow near the barn, located near Indian Cave, just off Glissan Mill Road.

the Monocacy
Frederick. It is
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the shoulders of
the travois was
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Near here Chief Linganore was buried in 1765

This is at the road leading up to the old Henry Poole house which is still standing and which was built around 1775. The Poole family cemetery stands on a high hill above the house. Local tradition claims that Chief Linganore is buried in this cemetery, and that since all the Indians had left the area and had gone into western Pennsylvania, near Bedford, Elder Jacob Danner conducted the funeral of this old Indian chief. Many of the older citizens of the area tell that this was a traditional story told them by their grandparents when they were young. It was also told by the teacher in the Freedom school of the Linganore school district, the Rev. Jacob Trostle.

In the *History of Frederick County Maryland*, by Judge T. J. Williams, Vol. 1, 1910, states, "the name Linganore means 'left ear,' from the name of an Indian chief who lived along the banks of the creek. He lost an ear while in battle. It was apparently a name fancied from the German term 'linke' (n) and 'ohr,' meaning 'left ear.' This is evidently folklore, so called by the first settlers."⁵

"The Linganore Creek, empties into the Monocacy River, near US #40, as cited earlier. Monocacy, is also an Indian name signifying 'right ear.' "⁶ Local traditions say that Indians of the same tribe also lived on the Monocacy River. There are many small roads and early Indian trails to substantiate this fact. They are between communities on Linganore Creek and Monocacy River. Another local tradition relates that when the Shawnee Indians moved into this area around the mouth of the Monocacy

River, coming from North Carolina, a fierce battle was fought up and down the Monocacy River (before this date the stream was called by the Indians "Red River"). Rains cause the river to run red like blood, from the red clay soil.

The same tradition continues to say that the water of the river ran red with the blood of so many Indian braves who gave their lives in the terrible battle that lasted over a week. This story was first related by John Cartlidge, Indian trader for the Lancaster Company, and Justice of the Peace, for Lancaster County.⁷ The same trading post operator at "Monocacy Point." This battle was between the Delawares and Shawnees.

Another battle was fought at the mouth of the Antietam Creek. A large historical plaque has been erected at the point where the Antietam Creek empties into the Potomac River, at Antietam Furnace, Washington County. This battle was between the Delawares and the Catawbas. The Catawbas won the battle and exhibited many scalps. They had also recently come from the South and overpowered the local Indians.⁸

The name Linganore, comes from a Delaware Indian term, "linkten," which means "it melts." This seems to relate to the fact that Linganore Creek has many cliffs and steep hills, thus holding the ice for long periods of time in the late winter. The creek runs in a southerly direction; thus toward spring, warm winds blow across the Potomac River, from Virginia, and the South, causing the ice to melt quickly at times.⁹

In the Ojibwa Indian term, of the Algonquin nation, the name Linganore meant, or was spelled "Link-anwi-wi," which means the icewater melts copiously in springtime.

Area Indian Tribes

The areas of Linganore, Monocacy, Middletown Valley, Antietam and Cumberland Valley, which includes the Conococheague Creek area all contained the tribes of the Algonquin nation. The larger tribes of this area were the: 1) The Susquehannans, which were a tall, strong and warlike tribe having their main villages in the Susquehanna Valley, (sometimes called "Conestoga Town") with their hunting camps or hunting circles and hearths in this general area. 2) The other large tribal conglomerate was the Leni-Lenape, or generally known as the Delaware or Dawn People.¹¹ This group composed of smaller tribes had their hunting grounds more closely connected with the Potomac Valley, east of Conococheague Creek and west of Parr's Ridge, now the Westminster area. Their hunting grounds included especially the creek valleys of the five geographical sections listed above. The Susquehannans claimed the areas north of present Monocacy Valley, up to the Susquehanna Valley, and west to Fairview Mountain, near present Hancock, Maryland. Quite often their hunting parties went as far south as the Potomac River, west of South Mountain. This was generally done when the Delawares were not in the hunting grounds. The Shenandoah Valley tribes' land began at the Shenandoah-Potomac River. The Indians had a very elaborate system of communication and surveillance. They generally respected the claims or hunting rights of other tribes. However, quite often small wars and skirmishes did happen. The Shawnees came into this area in 1688 from North Carolina (according to *Handbook American Indian—Bulletin 30, Smithsonian Institution*), and the Tuscaroras came in

Renovation Timeline

Hall Residence 13025 Glissans Mill Rd.

1984	Repointing of mortar of the original house
1986-7	Two story addition constructed
1993-4	Replaced original interior wall (middle room/dining room) Paneling around fireplaces on first floor Concrete floor for basement 3 car garage constructed Porch constructed Original house windows replaced- Pella
1998	Cabin stabilization Patio constructed
2006-7	Window replacement on addition Kitchen remodeled HVAC for second floor of original house Radiant heat added to addition Propane generator and 500 gal. tank
2009-10	Roof reframed on original house Copper roof added to whole house Driveway relocated away from creek
2017	Garage doors replaced Cabin roof replaced

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

1 NAME

HISTORIC

Henry Poole House

AND/OR COMMON

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER

13025

S/S Glisan's Mill Road

ED

CITY, TOWN

Linganore

VICINITY OF

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

Map 70 Parcel 22

STATE

Maryland

COUNTY

Frederick

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE
BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	X UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL
STRUCTURE	BOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL
		X NO	MILITARY
			OTHER:

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME

Francis F. Heise

Telephone #:

STREET & NUMBER

Route 4, Box 344A

CITY, TOWN

Mount Airy

VICINITY OF

STATE, zip code

Md. 21771

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

Liber #:

Folio #:

COURTHOUSE,

REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

Frederick County Court House

STREET & NUMBER

Court Street

STATE

CITY, TOWN

Frederick

Maryland

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

DATE

DEPOSITORY FOR
SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

Frederick County Planning Commission

Winchester Hall
12 East Church St.
Frederick, MD 21701
301-696-2958Janet L. Davis
Historic Site Surveyor

✓ DESCRIPTION

CONDITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
<input type="checkbox"/> EXCELLENT	<input type="checkbox"/> DETERIORATED	<input type="checkbox"/> UNALTERED
<input type="checkbox"/> GOOD	<input type="checkbox"/> RUINS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ALTERED
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAIR	<input type="checkbox"/> UNEXPOSED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SITE <input type="checkbox"/> MOVED DATE _____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Henry Poole House is a two story residence which faces east from the south side of Glisans Mill Road. The structure is banked on a hill over looking the old settlement of Linganore. It is a two gable roofed structure with three brick chimneys located flush with the north and south ends and directly in the center of the building.

The structure is seven bays in length and two bays in width; entrances are located in the third and sixth bay, each is a panelled door with three light transom. Located in the remaining bays are double hung 6/6 windows which have been replaced with one or two stone lintels and quarried stone window sills. Located on the north side in a brick and stone shed addition is a large bake oven. The north section of the building which is three bays in length is the oldest section of the structure dated to probably the very early part of the 19th century. The south part of the structure also dates to the early 19th century. The north section of the roof is finished by a plain boxed cornice. The southern part of the roof is finished by a very decorative cornice which is unfortunately in poor condition; but has an unusual diamond patterned dentil and small brackets on the cornice. A wood porch, three bays wide, was located on the eastern side of the north section of the house. A small entrance porch was also located to the rear of the north section. A two story porch was once located covering the second and third bays on the south section of the building. A pedimented entrance way and porch was once located on the west side of the south section of the building. None of these porches remain intact. The south section of the building is covered with orange clay stucco. Large stone quoins are located in the corners of the entire structure. The kitchen equipped with a large stone fireplace is located in the basement of the north section of the house.

The entire interior of the structure on the first level is neatly finished with deep panelled windows, built-in cupboards on either side of the mantle piece and chair-railing. Unfortunately, the entire structure is in poor condition although it is being maintained from further deterioration by the current owners. Also located on the premises is a small stone meat house located on the west side of the main residence, early log barn which has been covered with tin and framing, and carriage shed on the east side of the residence banked against a hill is a log structure with a full basement believed to be slave quarters which has been finished inside with plastering and is now used for storage.

SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW							
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION				
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE				
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE				
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN				
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER				
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION				
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)				
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION						

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Henry Poole House is significant to the New Market area of Frederick County as a stone residence which was the home of the prominent Poole family for two hundred years.

Initially the land was purchased from William Cumming by Henry Poole, Sr., around 1806. At his death in 1815 he willed this land to his son Henry Poole, Jr., who died soon after this in 1822 willing "the north division of my lands whereon I now live with all houses, buildings, orchards, fences, etc. to my sons Daniel, Bushrod and Thornton Poole."² The land remained in the Poole family until 1927 when it was sold by Harriet Poole.

1 History of Frederick County T.J.C. William p.1073

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY _____

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE _____ COUNTY _____

STATE _____ COUNTY _____

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Cherilyn Widell

DATE

ORGANIZATION

Frederick County Historic Preservation -

2-9-78

STREET & NUMBER

Winchester Hall, 12 East Church Street

TELEPHONE

CITY OR TOWN

Frederick

663-8300

STATE

Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 267-1438

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